CLAIMS

- 1. An antibody with specific affinity for a characteristic epitope of the ED-B domain of fibronectin, wherein the antibody has improved affinity to said ED-B epitope.
- 2. The antibody according to claim 1, wherein the affinity is in the subnanomolar range.
- 3. The antibody according to claim 1, wherein the antibody recognizes ED-B(+) fibronectin.
- 4. The antibody according to claim 1, wherein said antibody is in the scFv format.
- 5. The antibody according to claim 4, the antibody being a recombinant antibody.
- 10 6. The antibody according to claim 4 wherein the affinity is improved by introduction of a limited number of mutations in its CDR residues.
 - 7. The antibody according to claim 6, wherein the residues are residues 31-33, 50, 52 and 54 of VH and two residues 32 and 50 of its VL domain which have been mutated.
- 15 8. The antibody according to claim 1, wherein the antibody binds the ED-B domain of fibronectin with a Kd of 27 to 54 pM, most preferably with a Kd of 54 pM.
 - 9. The antibody according to claim 1, being the antibody L19.
 - 10. The antibody according to glaim 1 with the following amino acid sequence:

VH (FR 10 NO:19)

- 20 EVQLLESGGG LVQPGG LRL SCAASGFTFS SFSMSWVRQA PGKGLEWVSS ISGSSGTTYY ADSVKGRFTI SRDNSKNTLY LQMNSLRAED TAVYYCAKPF PYFDYWGQGT LVTVSS
- 25 linker (SEQ 1) NO; 26)
 GDGSSGGSGGASTG

VL (SEQ ID NO:21)
EIVLTQSPGT LSLSPGERAT LSCRASQSVS
30 SSYLAWYQQK PGQAPRLLIY YASSRATGIP
DRFSGSGSGT DFTLTISRLE PEDFAVYYCQ
QTGRIPPTFG QGTKVEIK





- 11. The antibody according to claim 1, wherein the antibody is a functionally equivalent variant form of L19.
- 12. The antibody according to claim 9, wherein the antibody is radiolabeled.
- 13. The antibody according to claim 12, wherein the antibody is radioiodinated.
- 14. Method for rapid angiogenensis targeting wherein an antibody with specific affinity for a characteristic epitope of the ED-B domain of fibronectin, the antibody having improved affinity to said ED-B domain, is used.
 - 15. Method according to claim 14 for immunoscintigraphic detection of angiogenesis.
- 16. Method according to claim 15 for detecting diseases characterized by vascular proliferation such as diabetic retinopathy, age-related macular degeneration or tumours.
 - 17. Method according to claim 14, wherein the antibody localizes the respective tissue three to four hours, most preferably 3 hours after its injection.
- 18. A diagnostic kit comprising an antibody with specific affinity for a characteristic epitope of the ED-B domain of fibronectin, said antibody having improved affinity to said ED-B domain and one or more reagents necessary for detecting angiogenesis.
- 19. Method for diagnosis and therapy of tumours and diseases characterized by vascular proliferation wherein an antibody with specific affinity for a characteristic epitope of the ED-B domain of fibronectin, said antibody having improved affinity to said ED-B domain, is used.
 - 20. Conjugates comprising an antibody according to Claim 1 and a molecule capable of inducing blood coagulation and blood vessel occlusion.
 - 21. Conjugates according to claim 20 wherein the molecule capable of inducing blood coagulation and blood vessel occlusion is a photoactive molecule.
 - 22. Conjugates according to claim 21 wherein the photoactive molecule is a photosensitizer.
 - 23. Conjugates according to claim 22 wherein the photosensitizer absorbs at wavelength above 600 nm.
 - 24. Conjugates according to claim 22 wherein the photosensitizer is a derivative of

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- 25. Method for the treatment of angiogenesis-related pathologies wherein a conjugate according to claim 20 is injected.
- 26. Method for the treatment of angiogenesis-related pathologies wherein a conjugate according to claim 22 is injected, followed by irradiation.
- 27. Method according to claim 26 wherein the angiogenesis-related pathology treated is caused by or associated with ocular angiogenesis.